

Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission

Electronic Billing and Payment Companion Guide

Based on ASC X12 005010 and NCPDP D.0

Release 1.0

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Purpose of the Electronic Medical Billing Model Rule

This companion guide has been created for use in conjunction with the Accredited Standards Committee X12 (ASC X12) Technical Reports Type 3 implementation guides and the National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP) Telecommunication Standard Implementation Guide Version D.0 adopted under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA). These national standard implementation guides are incorporated by reference. This guide is not to be a replacement for those national standard implementation guides but rather is to be used as an additional source of information. This companion guide contains data clarifications derived from specific business rules that apply to processing bills and payments electronically within the Virginia Workers' Compensation system.

Documentation Change Control

The Companion Guide content is subject to change.

Documentation change control is maintained in this document through the use of the *Change Control Table* shown below. Each change made to this companion guide after the creation date is noted, along with the date and reason for the change.

Change Control Table			
Date	Page(s)	Change	Reason

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Methodology for Updating Companion Guide Document

Please contact the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission above regarding instructions for submitting change requests, recommendations, and document updates.

Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission Electronic Billing and Payment National Companion Guide

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Chapter 1 Introduction and Overview

1.1 HIPAA

The Administrative Simplification Act provisions of the Federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA, Title II) include requirements that national standards for electronic health care transactions and national identifiers for Health Care Providers (Provider), Health Plans, and Employers be established. These standards were adopted to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the nation's health care system by encouraging the widespread use of electronic data interchange in health care. Additional information regarding the formats adopted under HIPAA is included in Chapter 2.

1.2 Virginia Workers' Compensation Act

Virginia Code § 65.2-605.1 mandates that payers accept electronic bills for medical goods and services. This companion guide attempts to establish electronic billing rules that are as consistent with HIPAA as possible. The health care provider, health care facility, or third-party biller/assignee shall use the HIPAA-adopted electronic transaction formats to submit medical or pharmacy bills to the appropriate claim administrator associated with the employer of the injured employee to whom the services are provided.

In workers' compensation, the payer is the claim administrator providing coverage for the employer of the injured employee to whom the services are provided. The claim administrator, or its authorized agent, is to validate the Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) file according to the guidelines provided in the prescribed national standard format implementation guide, this companion guide, and the jurisdictional data requirements. Problems associated with the processing of the ASC X12 Health Care Claim (837) EDI file are to be reported using acknowledgment transactions described in this companion guide. Problems associated with the processing of the NCPDP Telecommunication D.0 bills are reported via the reject response transactions described in this companion guide. The claim administrator will use the HIPAA-adopted electronic transaction formats to report explanations of payments, reductions, and denials to the health care provider, health care facility, or third-party biller/assignee. These electronic transaction formats include the ASC X12N/005010X221A1, Health Care Claim Payment/Advice (835), and the NCPDP Telecommunication D.0 Paid response transaction.

Health care providers, health care facilities, or third-party biller/assignees, claim administrators, clearinghouses, or other electronic data submission entities shall use this guideline in conjunction with the HIPAA-adopted ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (implementation guides) and the NCPDP Telecommunication Standard Implementation Guide Version D.0. The ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (implementation guides) can be accessed by contacting the Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12, <http://store.x12.org>. The NCPDP Telecommunication Standard Implementation Guide Version D.0 is available from NCPDP at www.ncpdp.org.

This guide outlines jurisdictional procedures necessary for engaging in Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) and specifies clarifications where applicable. When coordination of a solution is required, Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission will work with the IAIABC EDI Medical Committee and Provider to Payer Subcommittee to coordinate with national standard setting organizations and committees to address workers' compensation needs.

Chapter 2 Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission Requirements

2.1 Compliance

If a billing entity submits bills electronically, it must also be able to receive an electronic response from the claim administrator. The electronic responses include electronic acknowledgments and electronic remittance advices (Explanation of Review).

Electronic billing rules allow for providers and claim administrators to use agents to meet the requirement of electronic billing, but these rules do not mandate the method of connectivity, or the use of, or connectivity to, clearinghouses or similar types of vendors.

If a billing entity submits bills electronically, payment of those bills must be made electronically via Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) unless the provider and payer agree to an alternate method of payment"

Health care providers, health care facilities, third-party biller/assignees, and claim administrators must be able to exchange electronic bills in the prescribed standard formats and may exchange data in non-prescribed formats by mutual agreement. All jurisdictionally-required data content must be present in mutually agreed upon formats.

2.1.1 Agents

Electronic billing rules allow for health care providers and claim administrators to use agents to accomplish the requirement of electronic billing.

Claim administrators and health care providers are responsible for the acts or omissions of their agents.

2.1.2 Privacy, Confidentiality, and Security

Health care providers, health care facilities, third-party biller/assignees, claim administrators, and their agents must comply with all applicable Federal and Virginia Acts, Codes, or Rules related to the privacy, confidentiality, security or similar issues.

2.2 National Standard Formats

The national standard formats for billing, remittance, and acknowledgments are those adopted by the Federal Department of Health and Human Services rules (45 CFR Parts 160 and 162). The formats adopted under § 65.2-605.1 that are aligned with the current Federal HIPAA implementation include:

- ASC X12N/005010X222A1 Health Care Claim: Professional (837);
- ASC X12N/005010X223A2 Health Care Claim: Institutional (837);
- ASC X12N/005010X224A2 Health Care Claim: Dental (837);
- ASC X12N/005010X221A1 Health Care Claim Payment/Advice (835);
- ASC X12N/005010X212 Health Care Claim Status Request and Response (276/277);
- ASCX12N005010TA1 Interchange Acknowledgment;
- ASCX12C005010X231 Implementation Acknowledgment for Health Care Insurance (999);
- ASCX12N005010X214 Health Care Claim Acknowledgment (277);
- NCPDP Telecommunication Standard Implementation Guide Version D.0; and
- NCPDP Batch Standard Implementation Guide 1.2.

These acknowledgment formats and the attachment format have not been adopted in the current HIPAA rules but are also based on ASC X12 standards.

- The ASC X12N/005010X213 Request for Additional Information (277) is used to request additional attachments that were not originally submitted with the electronic medical bill.
- The ASC X12N/005010X210 Additional Information to Support a Health Care Claim or Encounter (275) is used to transmit electronic documentation associated with an electronic medical bill. The 005010X210 can accompany the original electronic medical bill, or may be sent in response to a 005010X213 Request for Additional Information.

The NCPDP Telecommunication Standard Implementation Guide Version D.0 contains the corresponding request and response messages to be used for pharmacy transactions.

2.2.1 Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission Prescribed Formats

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Format	Corresponding Paper Form	Function
005010X222A1	CMS-1500	Professional Billing
005010X223A2	UB-04	Institutional/Hospital Billing
005010X224A2	ADA-2006	Dental Billing
NCPDP D.0 and Batch 1.2	NCPDP WC/PC UCF	Pharmacy Billing
005010X221A1	None	Explanation of Review (EOR)
TA1 005010	None	Interchange Acknowledgment
005010X231	None	Transmission Level Acknowledgment
005010X214	None	Bill Acknowledgment

2.2.2 ASC X12 Ancillary Formats

Other formats not adopted by Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission are used in ancillary processes related to electronic billing and reimbursement. The use of these formats is voluntary, and the companion guide is presented as a tool to facilitate their use in workers' compensation.

Format	Corresponding Process	Function
005010X210	Documentation/Attachments	Documentation/Attachments
005010X212	Health Claim Status Request and Response	Medical Bill Status Request and Response
005010X213	Request for Additional Information	Request for Medical Documentation

2.3 Companion Guide Usage

Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission's implementation of the national standard formats aligns with HIPAA usage and requirements in most circumstances. This companion guide is intended to convey information that is within the framework of the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides) and NCPDP Telecommunication Standard Implementation Guide Version D.0 adopted for use. The companion guide is not intended to convey information that in any way exceeds the requirements or usages of data expressed in the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides) or NCPDP Telecommunication Standard Implementation Guide Version D.0. The companion guide, where applicable, provides additional instruction on situational implementation factors that are different in workers' compensation than in the HIPAA implementation.

When the workers' compensation application situation needs additional clarification or a specific code value is expected, the companion guide includes this information in a table format. Shaded rows represent "segments" in the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides). Non-shaded rows represent "data elements" in the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides). An example is provided in the following table:

Loop	Segment or Element	Value	Description	Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission Instructions
2000B	SBR		Subscriber Information	In workers' compensation, the Subscriber is the Employer.
	SBR04		Group or Plan Name	Required when the Employer Department Name/Division is applicable and is different than the Employer reported in Loop 2010BA NM103.
	SBR09	WC	Claim Filing Indicator Code	Value must be 'WC' to indicate workers' compensation bill.

Detailed information explaining the various components of the use of loops, segments, data elements, and conditions can be found in the appropriate ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides).

The ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides) also include elements that do not relate directly to workers' compensation processes, for example, coordination of benefits. If necessary, the identification of these loops, segments, and data elements can be described in the trading partner agreements to help ensure efficient processing of standard transaction sets.

2.4 Description of ASC X12 Transaction Identification Numbers

The ASC X12 Transaction Identification requirements are defined in the appropriate ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides), available through the Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12, <http://store.x12.org>. The Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission has provided the following additional information regarding transaction identification number requirements.

2.4.1. Sender/Receiver Trading Partner Identification

Workers' compensation standards require the use of the Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) or other mutually agreed upon identification numbers to identify Trading Partners (sender/receiver) in electronic billing and reimbursement transmissions. Trading Partners will exchange the appropriate and necessary identification numbers to be reported based on the applicable transaction format requirements.

2.4.2 Claim Administrator Identification

Claim administrators and their agents are also identified through the use of the FEIN or other mutually agreed upon identification number. Claim administrator information is available through direct contact with the claim administrator. The Claim Administrator Identification information is populated in Loop 2010BB for 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2, and 005010X224A2 transactions.

Health care providers will need to obtain payer identification information from their connectivity trading partner agent (i.e. clearinghouses, practice management system, billing agent and/or other third party vendor) if they are not directly connecting to a claim administrator.

2.4.3 Health Care Provider Identification

Health Care Provider roles and identification numbers are addressed extensively in the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides). However, it is noted that in the national transaction sets most health care providers are identified by the National Provider Identification number, and secondary identification numbers are generally not transmitted.

2.4.4 Injured Employee Identification

The injured employee is identified by claimant's first and last name, social security number, date of birth, date of injury, and workers' compensation claim number (see below).

The injured employee's (patient's) Identification Number is submitted using the Property and Casualty Patient Identifier REF segment in Loop 2010CA.

2.4.5 Claim Identification

The workers' compensation claim number assigned by the claim administrator is the claim identification number. This claim identification number is reported in the REF segment of Loop 2010CA, Property and Casualty Claim Number. When the claim number is not assigned by the insurer, or is unknown, the bill submitter must use the value of "UNKNOWN." Required when the services included in this claim are considered Workers' Compensation and the claim number has been established by the payer at the time of the service

The ASC X12N Technical Report Type 3 (Implementation Guides) instructions for the Property and Casualty Claim Number REF segments require the health care provider, health care facility, or third-party biller/assignee to submit the claim identification number in the 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2 and 005010X224A2 transactions.

2.4.6 Bill Identification

The ASC X12N Technical Report Type 3 (Implementation Guides) refers to a bill as a "claim" for electronic billing transactions. This Companion Guide refers to these transactions as "bills" because in workers' compensation, a "claim" refers to the full case for a unique injured employee and injury.

The health care provider, health care facility, or third-party biller/assignee, assigns a unique identification number to the electronic bill transaction. For 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2, and 005010X224A2 transactions, the bill transaction identification number is populated in Loop 2300 Claim Information CLM Health Claim segment CLM01 Claim (Bill) Submitter's Identifier data element. This standard HIPAA implementation allows for a patient account number but strongly recommends that submitters use a completely unique number for this data element on each individual bill.

2.4.7 Document/Attachment Identification

The 005010X210 is the standard electronic format for submitting electronic documentation and is addressed in a later chapter of this Companion Guide.

Documentation to support electronic medical bills may be submitted by facsimile (fax), secured or encrypted electronic mail (email), electronic transmission using the prescribed format, or by a mutually agreed upon format. Documentation related to an electronic bill must identify the following elements:

Commented [TG3]: This language may be interpreted by the provider to indicate that there is no need to acquire the value when it is not already known to the provider ahead of the creation and submission of the bill. Note: Future TR3 language regarding the inclusion of the claim number value also does not extend the allowance for not submitting the actual claim number value when it is not known by the provider but has been established by the payer. "Required when the services included in this claim are considered Workers' Compensation and the claim number has been established by the payer at the time of the service." The language on page 15 of this document clarifies when the value is required to be sent with improved wording.

- Patient Name (Full)
- Date Of Birth
- Date Of Injury
- Workers' Compensation Claim Number
- Date Of Service
- Employer Name
- Insurer Name
- Healthcare Provider Name
- Unique Attachment Indicator Number

The PWK segment and the associated documentation identify the type of documentation through the use of ASC X12 standard Report Type Codes. The PWK segment and the associated documentation also identify the method of submission of the documentation through the use of ASC X12 Report Transmission Codes.

A unique Attachment Indicator Number shall be assigned to all documentation. The Attachment Indicator Number populated on the document shall include the Report Type Code, the Report Transmission Code, the Attachment Control Qualifier (AC) and the Attachment Control Number. For example, operative note (report type code OB) sent by fax is identified as OBFXAC12345. The combination of these data elements will allow a claim administrator to appropriately match the incoming attachment to the electronic medical bill.

In situations when the documentation represents a Jurisdictional Report, the provider uses code value 'OZ' (Support Data for Claim) as the Report Type Code in PWK01 and enters the Jurisdictional Report Type Code (e.g. J1=Doctor First Report) in front of the Attachment Control Number. Example: OZFXACJ199923 in PWK06.

If sending preauthorization supporting documentation for treatment authorization use PWK 01 Report Type Qualifier CT = certification.

2.5 Claim Administrator Validation Edits

Virginia claim administrators may refer to various sources for the validation edits they apply to electronic bills received from providers. Sources for validation edits may include:

- The IAIABC Medical Bill/Payment Records Implementation Guide,
- ASC X12N Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides) requirements, or
- Medicare coding and billing policies when applicable.

Claim administrators use the 005010X214 transaction, referred to in this companion guide as an Acknowledgment, to communicate transaction (individual bill) rejections for ASC X12-based electronic medical bills. Error rejection codes are used to indicate the reason for the transaction rejection.

2.6 Description of Formatting Requirements

The ASC X12 formatting requirements are defined in the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides), Appendices B.1, available through the Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12, <http://store.x12.org>.

The NCPDP Telecommunication D.0 formatting requirements are defined in the NCPDP Telecommunication Standard Implementation Guide Version D.0, available at <http://www.ncdp.org>.

2.6.1 ASC X12 Hierarchical Structure

For information on how the ASC X12 Hierarchical Structure works, refer to Section 2.3.2 HL segment of the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides), available through the Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12, <http://store.x12.org>.

2.7 Description of ASC X12 Transmission/Transaction Dates

The ASC X12 required Transmission/Transaction Dates are defined in the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides) available through the Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12, <http://store.x12.org>.

2.7.1 Date Sent/Invoice Date

In the manual paper medical bill processing model, the paper bill includes a date the bill was generated, to verify timely filing. For electronic billing, the Invoice Date is the Date Sent, which is reflected in the Interchange Control Header ISA segment Interchange Date. The date in the Interchange Control Header ISA segment must be the actual date the transmission is sent.

2.7.2 Date Received

For medical bill processing purposes, the "Date Received" is the date the claim administrator or its agent systematically received the transaction. Other dates included in the electronic transaction or outer envelope (e.g. Interchange Control Header ISA segment Interchange Date, Business Application Creation Date) are often the same as the actual date systematically received, but based on processing delays, intermediary connections, or other automated handling by the submitter or the submitter agent, those dates are not considered as the "Date Received" because they may not be current. The "Date Received" is used to track timely processing of electronic bills, electronic reconsideration/appeal transactions, acknowledgment transactions, and timeliness of payments.

2.7.3 Paid Date

When the 005010X221A1 transaction set is used to electronically provide the remittance advice, the Paid Date is the date contained in BPR16, "Check Issue or EFT Effective Date," in the BPR Financial Information segment.

2.8 Description of Code Sets

Code sets utilized in electronic billing and reimbursement and other ancillary processes are prescribed by the applicable ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides), NCPDP Implementation Guide, Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission's Electronic Billing Regulations (16 VAC 30-16-10 et seq.) and this Companion Guide. The code sets are maintained by multiple standard setting organizations.

Participants are required to utilize current valid codes based on requirements contained in the applicable implementation guide. The validity of the various codes may be based on the date of service (e.g., procedure and diagnosis codes) or based on the date of the electronic transaction (e.g., claim adjustment reason codes).

2.9 Participant Roles

Roles in the HIPAA implementation guides are generally the same as in workers' compensation. The Employer, Insured, Injured Employee, and Patient are roles that are used differently in workers' compensation and are addressed later in this section.

2.9.1 Trading Partner

Trading Partners are entities that have established EDI relationships and that exchange information electronically either in standard or mutually agreed-upon formats. Trading Partners can be both Senders and Receivers, depending on the electronic process involved (i.e. Billing or Acknowledgment).

2.9.2 Sender

A Sender is the entity submitting a transmission to the Receiver, or its Trading Partner. The health care provider, health care facility, or third-party biller/assignee, is the Sender in the 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2 and 005010X224A2 electronic billing transactions. The claim administrator, or its agent, is the Sender in the 005010X214, 005010X231 or 005010X221A1 electronic acknowledgment or remittance transactions.

2.9.3 Receiver

A Receiver is the entity that accepts a transmission submitted by a Sender. The health care provider, health care facility, or third-party biller/assignee, is the Receiver in the 005010X214, 005010X231 or 005010X221A1 electronic acknowledgment or remittance transactions. The claim administrator, or its agent, is the Receiver in the 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2, and 005010X224A2 electronic billing transactions.

2.9.4 Employer

The Employer, as the policyholder of the workers' compensation insurance coverage, is considered the Subscriber in the workers' compensation implementation of the HIPAA electronic billing and reimbursement formats.

2.9.5 Subscriber

The subscriber or insured is the individual or entity that purchases or is covered by an insurance policy. In this implementation, the workers' compensation insurance policy is obtained by the Employer, who is considered the Subscriber.

2.9.6 Insured

The insured or subscriber is the individual or entity that purchases or is covered by an insurance policy. In group health, the insured may be the patient, the spouse or the parent of the patient. In this workers' compensation implementation, the Employer is considered the insured entity.

2.9.7 Injured Employee

In workers' compensation, the Injured Employee, as the person who has been injured on the job or has a work related illness, is always considered to be the patient. In group health, there are many relationships a patient may have to the insured. For example, the patient may be the insured, or may be the child or spouse of the insured.

2.9.8 Patient

The patient is the person receiving medical services. In the workers' compensation implementation of electronic billing and reimbursement processes, the patient is considered the Injured Employee.

2.10 Health Care Provider Agent/Claim Administrator Agent Roles

Electronic billing and reimbursement rules include provisions that allow for providers and claim administrators to utilize agents to comply with the electronic billing (eBill) requirements. Billing agents, third party administrators, bill review companies, software vendors, data collection agents, and clearinghouses are examples of companies that may have a role in eBill. Claim administrators and health care providers are responsible for the acts or omissions of their agents executed in the performance of services for the claim administrator or health care provider.

Under the eBill rules, claim administrators must be able to exchange medical billing and reimbursement information electronically with health care providers. Claim administrators may establish direct electronic connections to health care providers or may use agents to perform eBill functions. The rules do not mandate the use of, or regulate the costs of, agents performing eBill functions. Providers and claim administrators are not required by Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission's Electronic Billing regulations to establish connectivity with a clearinghouse or to utilize a specific media/method of connectivity (i.e. Secured File Transfer Protocol [SFTP]).

By mutual agreement, use of non-standard formats between the health care provider, health care facility, or third-party biller/assignee and the claim administrator is permissible.

The eBill rules do not regulate the formats utilized between providers and their agents, or claim administrators and their agents, or the method of connectivity between those parties.

2.11 Duplicate, Appeal/Reconsideration, and Corrected Bill Resubmissions

2.11.1 Claim (Corrected Bill) Resubmission Code - 837 Billing Formats

Health care providers will identify resubmissions of prior medical bills (not including duplicate original submissions) by using the Claim Frequency Type Code of 7 (Resubmission/Replacement). The value is populated in Loop 2300 Claim Information CLM Health Claim segment CLM05-3 Claim Frequency Type Code of the 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2 and 005010X224A2 electronic billing transactions. When the payer has provided the Payer Claim Control Number it had assigned to the previous bill, the health care provider must use this number when the bill is replaced. This information is populated in Loop 2300 Claim Information REF Payer Claim Control Number of the 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2 and 005010X224A2 electronic billing transactions.

On electronically submitted medical bills, health care providers must also populate the appropriate NUBC Condition Code to identify the type of resubmission. Condition codes provide additional information to the claim administrator when the resubmitted bill is a request for reconsideration or a new submission after receipt of a decision from the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission or other administrative proceeding, such as a judicial review. Based on the instructions for each bill type, the Condition Code is submitted in the HI segment for 005010X222A1 and 005010X223A2 transactions and in the NTE segment for the 005010X224A2 transaction. (The use of the NTE segment is at the discretion of the sender.)

The NUBC Instruction for the use of Claim Frequency Type Codes can be referenced on the NUBC website at <http://www.nubc.org/>. The CMS-required bill processing documentation for adjustments can be referenced at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/>.

2.11.2 Duplicate Bill Transaction Prior To

A Condition Code 'W2' (Duplicate of the original bill) is required when a provider submits a bill that is a duplicate. The Condition Code is submitted based on the instructions for each bill type. It is submitted in the HI segment for professional and institutional transactions and in the NTE segment for dental transactions. (The use of the NTE segment is at the discretion of the sender.) The duplicate bill must be identical to the original bill, with the exception of the added Condition Code. No new dates of service or itemized services may be included on the duplicate bill.

Duplicate Bill Transaction
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CLM05-3 = Identical value as original. Cannot be '7'.• Condition codes in HI/K3 are populated with a condition code qualifier 'BG' and code value: 'W2' = Duplicate.• NTE Example: NTE*ADD*BGW2• Payer Claim Control Number does not apply.• The resubmitted bill must be identical to the original bill, except for the 'W2' condition code. No new dates of service or itemized services may be included on the duplicate bill.

Duplicate bill transactions shall be submitted no earlier than thirty (30) days after the claim administrator has acknowledged receipt of a complete electronic bill transaction and prior to receipt of a 005010X221A1 transaction.

The claim administrator may reject a bill transaction with a Condition Code W2 indicator if:

- 1) The duplicate bill is received within thirty (30) days after acknowledgment, or
- 2) The bill has been processed and the 005010X221A1 transaction has been generated, or
- 3) The claim administrator does not have a corresponding accepted original transaction with the same bill identification numbers.

If the claim administrator does not reject the duplicate bill transaction within two (2) business days, the duplicate bill transaction may be denied for the reasons listed above through the use of the 005010X221A1 transaction.

2.11.3 Corrected Bill Transactions

A replacement bill is sent when a data element on the original bill was either not previously sent or needs to be corrected.

When identifying elements change, the correction is accomplished by a void and re-submission process: a bill with CLM05-3 = '8' (Void) must be submitted to cancel the incorrect bill, followed by the submission of a new original bill with the correct information.

Billers must not replace or void a prior bill until that prior submitted bill has reached final adjudication status, which can be determined from the remittance advice, a web application, when showing a finalized code under Claim Status Category in the 277, or by non-electronic means.

Corrected Bill Transaction
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLM05-3 = '7' indicates a replacement bill. • Condition codes of 'W2' to 'W5' in HI/K3 are not used. • REF*F8 includes the Payer Claim Control Number, if assigned by the payer. • A corrected bill shall include the original dates of service and the same itemized services rendered as the original bill. • When identifying elements change, the correction is accomplished by a void and re-submission process. A bill with CLM05-3 = '8' (Void) must be submitted to cancel the incorrect bill, followed by the submission of a new <u>original</u> bill with the correct information.

The payer may reject a revised bill transaction if:

- (1) The payer does not have a corresponding adjudicated bill transaction with the same Payer Claim Control number; or
- (2) There is incorrect billing documentation for an adjustment based on CMS guidelines (Inappropriate changed data).

If payer does not reject the revised bill transaction within two business days, the revised bill transaction may be denied for the reasons listed above through the use of the 005010X221A1 transaction.

2.11.4 Appeal/Reconsideration Bill Transactions

Electronic submission of Reconsideration transactions is accomplished in the 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2, and 005010X224A2 electronic billing transactions through the use of Claim Frequency Type Code '7' in Loop 2300 Claim Information CLM Health Claim segment CLM05-3 Claim Frequency Type Code. The value '7' Replacement of a Prior Claim represents Resubmission transactions.

The Reconsideration Claim Frequency Type Code '7' is used in conjunction with the Payer Claim Control Number assigned to the bill by the claim administrator when the payer has provided this number in response to the previous bill submission. This information is populated in Loop 2300 Claim Information REF Payer Claim Control Number of the 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2, and 005010X224A2 electronic billing transactions.

The health care provider must also populate the appropriate condition code to identify the type of resubmission on electronically submitted medical bills. The NUBC Condition Codes which apply to reconsiderations and appeals include:

- 'W3' – 1st Level Appeal: Request for reconsideration or appeal with the payer.
- 'W4' – 2nd Level Appeal: Resubmitted after receipt of a jurisdiction decision/order, typically from Medical Fee Dispute resolution.
- 'W5' – 3rd Level Appeal: Resubmitted after receipt of a hearing or other judicial decision and order.

These codes are included in the 2300/HI segment on professional and institutional claims, and in the 2300/NTE segment on dental claims. (Note: the use of the NTE segment is at the discretion of the sender.)

Reconsideration bill transactions may only be submitted after receipt of the 005010X221A1 transaction for the corresponding accepted original bill or thirty (30) days after the claim administrator acknowledged receipt of a complete electronic medical bill when no 005010X221A1 transaction has been received. The same bill identification number is used on both the original and the Reconsideration bill transaction to associate the transactions. All elements, fields, and values in the Reconsideration bill transaction, except the Reconsideration-specific qualifiers and the Claim Supplemental Information PWK segment, must be the same as on the original bill transaction. Subsequent Reconsideration bill transactions related to the same original bill transaction may be submitted after receipt of the 005010X221A1 transaction corresponding to the initial Reconsideration bill transaction. Subsequent Reconsideration bill transactions shall not be submitted prior to thirty (30) days from the date the original request for reconsideration was sent or after the claim administrator has taken final action on the reconsideration request.

Corresponding documentation related to an appeal/reconsideration is required in accordance with the Virginia regulations for initial bill submission. The PWK segment (Claim Supplemental Information) is required to be properly annotated when submitting an attachment related to an appeal/reconsideration.

The ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides) and Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission recommend that the value passed in CLM01 represent a unique identification number specific to the bill transaction, the Provider Unique Bill Identification Number. The Virginia eBilling implementation uses the Provider Unique Bill Identification Number (CLM01) to link the original bill to the subsequent bill transaction. The intent is to link an appeal, or multiple subsequent appeals, to a single original bill transaction.

The ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides) include a Reference Identification Number REF segment in Loop 2300 Claim Information that represents the Payer Claim Control Number, which is the unique transaction identification number generated by the claim administrator. This number must be included on resubmitted bills to ensure that the payer can match the resubmission request with its original processing action.

Appeal/Reconsideration Bill Transaction
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLM05-3 = '7'; • Condition codes in HI/NTE are populated with a condition code qualifier 'BG' and one of the following codes values must be present: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 'W3' = 1st Level Appeal: Request for reconsideration or appeal with the payer. ○ 'W4' = 2nd Level Appeal: Resubmitted after receipt of a jurisdiction decision/order, typically from Medical Fee Dispute resolution. ○ 'W5' = 3rd Level Appeal: Resubmitted after receipt of a hearing or other judicial decision and order. • REF*F8 includes the Payer Claim Control Number, if assigned by the payer. • The appeal/reconsideration bill must be identical to the original bill, with the exception of the added Condition Code, Payer Claim Control Number, and the Claim Frequency Type Code. No new dates of service or itemized services may be included on the appeal/reconsideration bill. • Supporting documentation is required. • Loop 2300, PWK segment must be properly annotated.

The claim administrator may reject an appeal/reconsideration bill transaction if:

- (1) The bill information does not match the corresponding original bill transaction;
- (2) The claim administrator does not have a corresponding accepted original transaction;
- (3) The original bill transaction has not been completed (no corresponding 005010X221A1 transaction or the Remittance submission Jurisdiction-allowed time period has not been exceeded); or
- (4) The bill is submitted without the PWK annotation.

Corresponding documentation related to appeals/reconsideration is required in accordance with the Virginia rules for initial bill submission.

The claim administrator may deny appeal/reconsideration bill transactions for missing documentation. If the claim administrator does not reject the appeal/reconsideration bill transaction within two business days because it is incomplete, the bill transaction may be denied through the use of the 005010X221A1 transaction for the reasons listed above. The claim administrator may also deny the appeal/reconsideration bill transaction through the use of the 005010X221A1 transaction, if the documentation is not submitted within the Jurisdiction-required time frame.

2.12 Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission and Workers' Compensation Specific Requirements

The requirements in this section identify Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission specific requirements that apply to more than one electronic format. Requirements that are related to a specific format are identified in the chapter related to that format.

2.12.1 Claim Filing Indicator

The Claim Filing Indicator code for workers' compensation is 'WC' populated in Loop 2000B Subscriber Information, SBR Subscriber Information segment field SBR09 for the 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2, or 005010X224A2 transactions.

2.12.2 Transaction Set Purpose Code

The Transaction Set Purpose Code in the Transaction Set Header BHT Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction segment field BHT02 in 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2, or 005010X224A2 transactions is designated as '00' Original. Claim administrators are required to acknowledge acceptance or rejection of transmissions (files) and transactions (bills). Transmissions that are rejected by the claim administrator and then corrected by the provider are submitted, after correction, as '00' Original transmissions.

2.12.3 Transaction Type Code

The Transaction Type Code in the Transaction Set Header BHT Beginning of Hierarchical Transaction segment field BHT06 in 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2, or 005010X224A2 transactions is designated as 'CH' Chargeable. Currently, health care providers are not required to report electronic billing data to the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission. Therefore, code 'RP' (Reporting) is not appropriate for this implementation.

2.12.4 Other State Data Requirements

N/A

2.12.45 NCPDP Telecommunication Standard D.0 Pharmacy Formats

Issues related to electronic pharmacy billing transactions are addressed in Chapter 6 Companion Guide NCPDP D.0 Pharmacy.

Chapter 3 Companion Guide ASC X12N/005010X222A1 Health Care Claim: Professional (837)

Introduction and Overview

The information contained in this companion guide has been created for use in conjunction with the ASC X12N/005010X222A1 Health Care Claim: Professional (837) Technical Report Type 3. It is not to be considered a replacement for the ASC X12N/005010X222A1 Health Care Claim: Professional (837) Technical Report Type 3, but rather is to be used as an additional source of information.

The ASC X12N/005010X222A1 Health Care Claim: Professional (837) Technical Report Type 3 is available through the Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12, <http://store.x12.org>.

3.1 Purpose, Applicability and Expected Implementation Date

The purpose of Virginia's Workers' Compensation Electronic Billing regulations is to provide a framework for electronic billing, processing, and payment of medical services and products provided to an injured employee and data reporting for electronic submissions.

3.2 Trading Partner Agreements

The data elements transmitted as part of a trading partner agreement must, at a minimum, contain all the same required data elements found within the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 and this companion guide. The trading partner agreement must not change the workers' compensation field value designations as defined in the jurisdiction-specific companion guide.

3.3 Workers' Compensation Health Care Claim: Professional Instructions

The following table identifies the application/instructions for Virginia Workers' Compensation that need clarification beyond the ASC X12 Technical Report Type 3.

ASC X12N/005010X222A1			
Loop	Segment	Description	Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission's Comments or Instructions
1000A	PER	SUBMITTER EDI CONTACT INFORMATION	Communication Number Qualifier must be 'TE' – Telephone Number.
2000B	SBR	SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION	In workers' compensation, the Subscriber is the Employer.
2000B	SBR04	NAME	In workers' compensation, the group name is the employer of the patient/employee.
2000B	SBR09	CLAIM FILING INDICATOR CODE	Value must be 'WC' for workers' compensation.
2010BA		SUBSCRIBER NAME	In workers' compensation, the Subscriber is the Employer.
2010BA	NM102	ENTITY TYPE QUALIFIER	Value must be '2' non-person.
2010BA	NM103	NAME LAST OR ORGANIZATION NAME	Value must be the name of the Employer.
2000C	PAT01	INDIVIDUAL RELATIONSHIP CODE	Value must be '20' Employee.

ASC X12N/005010X222A1			
Loop	Segment	Description	Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission's Comments or Instructions
2010CA	REF	PROPERTY AND CASUALTY CLAIM NUMBER	When the workers' compensation claim number is not assigned or is not available, use "UNKNOWN" as the default value. The claim number is <u>required</u> when assigned by the insurer.
2010CA	REF	PROPERTY AND CASUALTY PATIENT IDENTIFIER	Required
2010CA	REF01	REFERENCE IDENTIFICATION QUALIFIER	Value must be 'SY'
2010CA	REF02	REFERENCE IDENTIFICATION	Value must be the patient's Social Security Number. When applicable, utilize '999999999' as a default value where the social security number is not known.
2300	CLM11	RELATED CAUSES INFORMATION	One of the occurrences in CLM11 must have a value of 'EM' -- Employment Related.
2300	DTP	DATE – ACCIDENT	Required when the condition reported is for an occupational accident/injury.
2300	DTP	DATE – DISABILITY DATES	Do not use segment, leave blank.
2300	DTP	DATE – PROPERTY AND CASUALTY DATE OF FIRST CONTACT	Do not use segment, leave blank
2300	PWK	CLAIM SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	Refer to the Companion Guide for instruction regarding documentation/medical attachment requirements.
2300	PWK01	REPORT TYPE CODE	For all reports, use appropriate 005010 Report Type Code.
2300	PWK06	ATTACHMENT CONTROL NUMBER	When the Report Type Code is 'OZ' and a Jurisdiction report is sent, the first two characters of the attachment control number must be the Jurisdictional Report Type Code. <u>Examples:</u> Standard Report: PWK*OB*EL ***AC*DMN0012~ Jurisdictional Report: PWK*OZ*EL***AC*J1DMN0012~
2300	K3	FILE INFORMATION	Jurisdiction State Code
2300	K301	FIXED FORMAT INFORMATION	Jurisdiction State Code (State of Compliance Code) Value must be the state code qualifier 'LU' followed by the two alpha character state code.(Example LUVA)
2300	HI	CONDITION INFORMATION	For workers' compensation purposes, the National Uniform Billing Committee and the National Uniform Claims Committee have approved the following condition codes for resubmissions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • W2 - Duplicate of the original bill • W3 - Level 1 Appeal • W4 - Level 2 Appeal • W5 - Level 3 Appeal Note: Do not use these condition codes when submitting revised or corrected bills.

Chapter 4 Companion Guide ASC X12N/005010X223A2 Health Care Claim: Institutional (837)

Introduction and Overview

The information contained in this companion guide has been created for use in conjunction with the ASC X12N/005010X223A2 Health Care Claim: Institutional (837) Technical Report Type 3. It is not a replacement for the ASC X12N/005010X223A2 Health Care Claim: Institutional (837) Technical Report Type 3, but rather is an additional source of information.

This Companion Guide is not, nor was it ever intended to be, a comprehensive guide to the electronic transaction requirements for each of the jurisdictions. The Companion Guide is intended to be used by jurisdictions to develop and publish companion guides tailored to their regulatory environment that consistently apply the syntactical requirements of the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3.

The ASC X12N/005010X223A2 Health Care Claim: Institutional (837) Technical Report Type 3 is available through the Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12, <http://store.x12.org>.

4.1 Purpose, Applicability and Expected Implementation Date

The purpose of Virginia's Workers' Compensation Electronic Billing regulations is to provide a framework for electronic billing, processing, and payment of medical services and products provided to an injured employee and data reporting for electronic submissions.

4.2 Trading Partner Agreements

The components of trading partner agreements that define other transaction parameters beyond the ones described in this Companion Guide (such as transmission parameters) remain the same; this companion guide is not intended to replace any of those components.

The data elements transmitted as part of a trading partner agreement must, at a minimum, contain all the same required data elements found within the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 and the jurisdiction-specific companion guide. The workers' compensation field value designations as defined in the jurisdiction-specific companion guide must remain the same as part of any trading partner agreement.

4.3 Workers' Compensation Health Care Claim: Institutional Instructions

Instructions for Virginia specific requirements are also provided in Virginia's Workers' Compensation Electronic Billing regulations. The following table identifies the application/instructions for Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission that need clarification beyond the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3.

ASC X12N/005010X223A2			
Loop	Segment	Description	Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission's Comments or Instructions
1000A	PER	SUBMITTER EDI CONTACT INFORMATION	One occurrence of the Communication Number Qualifier must be 'TE' – Telephone Number.
2000B	SBR	SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION	In workers' compensation, the Subscriber is the Employer.
2000B	SBR04	NAME	In workers' compensation, the group name is the employer of the patient/employee.

ASC X12N/005010X223A2			
Loop	Segment	Description	Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission's Comments or Instructions
2000B	SBR09	CLAIM FILING INDICATOR CODE	Value must be 'WC' for workers' compensation.
2010BA		SUBSCRIBER NAME	In workers' compensation, the Subscriber is the Employer.
2010BA	NM102	ENTITY TYPE QUALIFIER	Value must be '2' non-person.
2010BA	NM103	NAME LAST OR ORGANIZATION NAME	Value must be the name of the Employer.
2000C	PAT01	INDIVIDUAL RELATIONSHIP CODE	Value must be '20' Employee.
2010CA	REF02	PROPERTY CASUALTY CLAIM NUMBER	When the workers' compensation claim number is not assigned or is not available, use "UNKNOWN" as the default value.
2010CA	REF	PROPERTY AND CASUALTY PATIENT IDENTIFIER	Required
2010CA	REF01	REFERENCE IDENTIFICATION QUALIFIER	Value must be 'SY'.
2010CA	REF02	REFERENCE IDENTIFICATION	Value must be the patient's Social Security Number. When applicable, utilize '999999999' as a default value where the social security number is not known.
2300	PWK	CLAIM SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	Refer to the Companion Guide for instruction regarding documentation/medical attachment requirements.
2300	PWK01	REPORT TYPE CODE	For all other reports, use appropriate 005010 Report Type Code.
2300	PWK06	ATTACHMENT CONTROL NUMBER	When the Report Type Code is 'OZ' and a Jurisdiction report is sent, the first two characters of the attachment control number must be the Jurisdictional Report Type Code. Examples: Standard Report: PWK*OB*EL***AC*DMN0012- Jurisdictional Report: PWK*OZ*EL***AC*J1DMN0012-
2300	K3	FILE INFORMATION	State Jurisdictional Code is expected here.
2300	K301	FIXED FORMAT INFORMATION	Jurisdiction State Code (State of Compliance Code) Required when the provider knows the state of Jurisdiction is different than the billing provider's state. Enter the state code qualifier, 'LU' followed by the state code. For example, 'LUVA' indicates the medical bill is being submitted under Virginia medical billing requirements.
2300	HI01	OCCURRENCE INFORMATION	At least one Occurrence Code must be entered with a value of '04' - Accident/Employment Related or '11' - Illness. The Occurrence Date must be the Date of Occupational Injury or Illness.

Commented [TG4]: Need to add the statement "The claim number is required when assigned by the insurer." is missing from this data element. Both the Prof and Dental sections contain this additional sentence.

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ASC X12N/005010X223A2			
Loop	Segment	Description	Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission's Comments or Instructions
2300	HI	CONDITION INFORMATION	<p>For workers' compensation purposes, the National Uniform Billing Committee and the National Uniform Claims Committee has approved the following condition codes for resubmissions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • W2 - Duplicate of the original bill • W3 - Level 1 Appeal: Request for reconsideration or appeal. • W4 - Level 2 Appeal: Resubmitted after receipt of a hearing or other judicial decision and order. • W5 - Level 3 Appeal <p>Note: Do not use these condition codes when submitting revised or corrected bills.</p>

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Chapter 5 Companion Guide ASC X12N/005010X224A2 Health Care Claim: Dental (837)

Introduction and Overview

The information contained in this companion guide has been created for use in conjunction with the ASC X12N/05010X224A2 Health Care Claim: Dental (837) Technical Report Type 3. It is not a replacement for the ASC X12N/05010X224A2 Health Care Claim: Dental (837) Technical Report Type 3, but rather is an additional source of information.

This Companion Guide is not, nor was it ever intended to be, a comprehensive guide to the electronic transaction requirements for each of the jurisdictions. The companion guide is intended to be used by jurisdictions to develop and publish companion guides tailored to their regulatory environment that consistently apply the syntactical requirements of the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3.

The ASC X12N/05010X224A2 Health Care Claim: Dental (837) Technical Report Type 3 is available through the Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12, <http://store.x12.org>.

5.1 Purpose, Applicability and Expected Implementation Date

The purpose of Virginia's Workers' Compensation Electronic Billing regulations is to provide a framework for electronic billing, processing, and payment of medical services and products provided to an injured employee and data reporting for electronic submissions.

5.2 Trading Partner Agreements

The components of trading partner agreements that define other transaction parameters beyond the ones described in this companion guide (such as transmission parameters) remain the same; this companion guide is not intended to replace any of those components.

The data elements transmitted as part of a trading partner agreement must, at a minimum, contain all the same required data elements found within the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 and the jurisdiction-specific Companion Guide. The workers' compensation field value designations as defined in the jurisdiction-specific companion guide must remain the same as part of any trading partner agreement.

5.3 Workers' Compensation Health Care Claim: Dental Instructions

Instructions for Virginia specific requirements are also provided in Virginia's Workers' Compensation Electronic Billing regulations. The following table identifies the application/instructions for Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission that need clarification beyond the ASC X12 Technical Report Type 3.

ASC X12N/005010X224A2			
Loop	Segment	Description	Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission's Comments or Instructions
1000A	PER	SUBMITTER EDI CONTACT INFORMATION	One occurrence of the Communication Number Qualifier must be 'TE' – Telephone Number.
2000B	SBR	SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION	In workers' compensation, the Subscriber is the Employer.
2000B	SBR04	NAME	In workers' compensation, the group name is the employer of the patient/employee.

ASC X12N/005010X224A2			
Loop	Segment	Description	Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission's Comments or Instructions
2000B	SBR09	CLAIM FILING INDICATOR CODE	Value must be 'WC' for workers' compensation.
2010BA		SUBSCRIBER NAME	In workers' compensation, the Subscriber is the Employer.
2010BA	NM102	ENTITY TYPE QUALIFIER	Value must be '2' non-person.
2010BA	NM103	NAME LAST OR ORGANIZATION NAME	Value must be the name of the Employer.
2000C	PAT01	INDIVIDUAL RELATIONSHIP CODE	Value must be '20' Employee.
2010CA	REF02	PROPERTY CASUALTY CLAIM NUMBER	When the workers' compensation claim number is not assigned or is not available, use "UNKNOWN" as the default value. The claim number is <u>required</u> when assigned by the insurer.
2300	CLM11	RELATED CAUSES INFORMATION	One of the occurrences in CLM11 must have a value of 'EM' -- Employment Related.
2010CA	REF	PROPERTY AND CASUALTY PATIENT IDENTIFIER	Required
2010CA	REF01	REFERENCE IDENTIFICATION QUALIFIER	Value must be 'SY'
2010CA	REF02	REFERENCE IDENTIFICATION	Value must be the patient's Social Security Number. When applicable, utilize '999999999' as a default value where the social security number is not known.
2300	DTP	DATE -- ACCIDENT	Required when the condition reported is for an occupational accident/injury.
2300	PWK	CLAIM SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	Refer to the Companion Guide for instruction regarding Documentation/Medical Attachment Requirements.
2300	PWK01	REPORT TYPE CODE	For all other reports use appropriate 005010 Report Type Code.
2300	PWK06	ATTACHMENT CONTROL NUMBER	When the Report Type Code is 'OZ' and a Jurisdiction report is sent, the first two characters of the attachment control number must be the Jurisdictional Report Type Code. Examples: Standard Report: PWK*OB*EL***AC*DMN0012~ Jurisdictional Report: PWK*OZ*EL***AC*J1DMN0012~
2300	K3	FILE INFORMATION	State Jurisdictional Code is expected here.
2300	K301	FIXED FORMAT INFORMATION	Jurisdiction State Code (State of Compliance Code) Required when the provider knows the state of Jurisdiction is different than the billing provider's state. Enter the state code qualifier, 'LU' followed by the state code. For example, 'LUVA' indicates the medical bill is being submitted under Virginia medical billing requirements.

Chapter 6 Companion Guide NCPDP D.0 Pharmacy

Introduction and Overview

The information contained in this companion guide has been created for use in conjunction with the *NCPDP Telecommunication Standard Implementation Guide Version D.0* for pharmacy claim transactions. It is not a replacement for the *NCPDP Telecommunication Standard Implementation Guide Version D.0*, but rather is an additional source of information.

Pharmacy transactions are processed both in real-time and via batch. Every transmission request has a transmission response. To address the appropriate process for responding to request transactions and reversal processing, users are directed to utilize the *NCPDP Telecommunication Standard Implementation Guide Version D.0* and *Batch Standard Implementation Guide Version 1.2*.

This Companion Guide is not, nor was it ever intended to be, a comprehensive guide to the electronic transaction requirements for each of the jurisdictions. The Companion Guide is intended to be used by jurisdictions to develop and publish companion guides tailored to their regulatory environment that consistently apply the syntactical requirements of the NCPDP Implementation Guide.

The implementation guide for electronic pharmacy claims and responses is available through the National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP) at <http://www.ncdp.org>.

6.1 Purpose, Applicability and Expected Implementation Date

The purpose of Virginia's Workers' Compensation Electronic Billing regulations is to provide a framework for electronic billing, processing, and payment of medical services and products provided to an injured employee and data reporting for electronic submissions.

6.2 Trading Partner Agreements

The components of trading partner agreements that define other transaction parameters beyond the ones described in this companion guide (such as transmission parameters) remain the same; this companion guide is not intended to replace any of those components.

The data elements transmitted as part of a trading partner agreement must, at a minimum, contain all the same required data elements found within the NCPDP Implementation Guide and the jurisdiction-specific Companion Guide. The workers' compensation field value designations as defined in the jurisdiction-specific Companion Guide must remain the same as part of any trading partner agreement.

6.3 Workers' Compensation NCPDP Pharmacy Claim Instructions

Instructions for Virginia specific requirements are also provided in Virginia's Workers' Compensation Electronic Billing regulations. The following table identifies the application/instructions for Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission that need clarification beyond the NCPDP Telecommunication Standard Implementation Guide Version D.0.

NCPDP D.0 Pharmacy			
Segment	Field	Description	Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission's Comments or Instructions
INSURANCE	302-C2	CARDHOLDER ID	If the Cardholder ID is not available or not applicable, the value must be 'NA'.

NCPDP D.0 Pharmacy			
Segment	Field	Description	Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission's Comments or Instructions
CLAIM	415-DF	NUMBER OF REFILLS AUTHORIZED	Required, if no refill is authorized, enter zero "0."
PRICING	426-DQ	USUAL AND CUSTOMARY CHARGE	Not required
PHARMACY PROVIDER	465-EY	PROVIDER ID QUALIFIER	The value must be '05' – NPI Number.
PRESCRIBER	466-EZ	PRESCRIBER ID QUALIFIER	The value must be '01' – NPI Number, however, if prescriber NPI is not available, enter applicable prescriber ID qualifier.
WORKERS' COMPENSATION			The Workers' Compensation segment is required for workers' compensation claims.
WORKERS' COMPENSATION	435-DZ	CLAIM/REFERENCE ID	Enter the claim number if known. If not known, then enter the default value of "UNKNOWN."

Chapter 7 Companion Guide ASC X12N/005010X221A1 Health Care Claim Payment/Advice (835) and Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT)

Introduction and Overview

The information contained in this companion guide has been created for use in conjunction with the ASC X12N/005010X221A1 Health Care Claim Payment Advice (835) Technical Report Type 3. It is not a replacement for the ASC X12N/005010X221A1 Health Care Claim Payment Advice (835) Technical Report Type 3, but rather is an additional source of information.

This companion guide is not, nor was it ever intended to be, a comprehensive guide to the electronic transaction requirements for each of the jurisdictions. The companion guide is intended to be used by jurisdictions to develop and publish companion guides tailored to their regulatory environment that consistently apply the syntactical requirements of the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3.

The ASC X12N/005010X221A1 Health Care Claim Payment Advice (835) Technical Report Type 3 is available through the Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12, <http://store.x12.org>.

The NCPDP ASC X12N 835 (005010X221) Pharmacy Remittance Advice Template is available at <http://www.ncdp.org/>.

7.1 Purpose, Applicability and Expected Implementation Date

The purpose of Virginia's Workers' Compensation Electronic Billing regulations is to provide a framework for electronic billing, processing, and payment of medical services and products provided to an injured employee and data reporting for electronic submissions.

7.2 Trading Partner Agreements

The components of trading partner agreements that define other transaction parameters beyond the ones described in this companion guide (such as transmission parameters) remain the same; this companion guide is not intended to replace any of those components.

The data elements transmitted as part of a trading partner agreement must at a minimum contain all the same required data elements found within the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3 and the jurisdiction-specific companion guide. The workers' compensation field value designations as defined in the jurisdiction-specific companion guide must remain the same as part of any trading partner agreement.

Trading partner agreements must follow the ASC X12TR2 Health Care Claim Payment/Advice Code Usage Rules (TR2) that specify the specific Group Code, Claim Adjustment Reason Code, and Remittance Advice Remark Code combinations that are to be used when providing payment, reduction, or denial information. The TR2 is available at www.wpc-edi.com.

7.3 Claim Adjustment Group Codes

The 005010X221A1 transaction requires the use of Claim Adjustment Group Codes. The most current valid codes must be used as appropriate for workers' compensation. The Claim Adjustment Group Code represents the general category of payment, reduction, or denial. For example, the Group Code 'CO' (Contractual Obligation) might be used in conjunction with a Claim Adjustment Reason Code for a network contract reduction.

The Claim Adjustment Group Code transmitted in the 005010X221A1 transaction is the same code that is transmitted in the IAIABC 837 Medical State Reporting EDI reporting format. Virginia accepts Claim Adjustment Group Codes that were valid on the date the claim administrator paid or denied a bill.

7.4 Claim Adjustment Reason Codes

The 005010X221A1 transaction requires the use of Claim Adjustment Reason Codes (CARC) as the electronic means of providing specific payment, reduction, or denial information. As a result, use of the 005010X221A1 transaction eliminates the use of proprietary reduction codes, Jurisdiction specific Claim Adjustment Reason Codes, and free form text used on paper Explanation of Review (EOR) forms. Accordingly, claim administrators that provide the required 005010X221A1 transaction information in the transmission is compliant with Virginia Claim Adjustment Reason Codes are available through Washington Publishing Company at <http://www.wpc-edi.com/codes>.

The ASC X12 Technical Report Type 2 Health Care Claim Payment/Advice Code Usage Rules (TR2) is the encyclopedia of Group Codes, specific Claim Adjustment Reason Codes (CARC) and Remittance Advice Remark Codes (RARC) combinations, for payers to use when providing bill payment, reduction, or denial information. These codes, and their combinations, are defined, maintained, modified, and/or deleted by the ASC X12 External Code Committees and CMS Remittance Advice Remark Committee, which meets every three months. The TR2 has a specific Workers' Compensation CARC and RARC defined usage section that shall be used to explain a claim denial or adjustment in the 005010x221A1 transaction. The TR2 is available at www.wpc-edi.com.

The great variability in the mapping and combinations of codes used in both the health care and property and casualty industries today results in different interpretations by the providers for each payer. The TR2 workers' compensation section defines CARC/RARC combinations that provide a concrete and predictable message, thereby allowing providers to set up rules to automate actions based upon the combinations of codes. Consistent use of these codes by all payers will result in significant administrative simplification, especially in the workers' compensation industry. In the event that a jurisdiction requires its specific CARC and/or RARC codes to be used in electronic billing, it should contact the IAIABC EDI Medical Committee for assistance in submitting its codes to the External Code Committees and/or CMS Remittance Advice Remark Committee for inclusion in the national code sets.

7.5 Remittance Advice Remark Codes

The 005010X221A1 transaction supports the use of Remittance Advice Remark Codes to provide supplemental explanations for a payment, reduction, or denial already described by a Claim Adjustment Reason Code. NCPDP Reject Codes are allowed for NCPDP transactions. Claim administrators must use the Remittance Advice Remark Codes to provide additional information to the health care provider regarding why a bill was adjusted or denied. The use of the 005010X221A1 transaction eliminates the use of proprietary reduction codes and free form text used on paper Explanation of Review (EOR) forms. Remittance Advice Remark Codes are not associated with a Group or Reason Code in the same manner that a Claim Adjustment Reason Code is associated with a Group Code. Remittance Advice Remark Codes are available through Washington Publishing Company at <http://www.wpc-edi.com/codes>.

7.6 Product/Service ID Qualifier

The Product/Service Identification Number transmitted in the inbound electronic billing format is returned in the 005010X221A1 transaction SVC Service Payment Information segment with the appropriate qualifier.

7.7 Workers' Compensation Health Care Claim Payment/Advice Instructions

The following table identifies the application/instructions for Virginia's workers' compensation requirements that need clarification beyond the ASC X12 Technical Reports Type 3.

ASC X12N/005010X221A1				
Loop	Segment or Element	Value	Description	IAIABC Companion Guide Workers' Compensation Comments or Instructions
1000A	PER		Payer Technical Contact Information	
	PER03	TE	Communication Number Qualifier	Value must be 'TE' Telephone Number.
	PER04		Communication Number	Value must be the Telephone Number of the submitter.
2100	CLP		Claim Level Data	
	CLP06	WC	Claim Filing Indicator Code	Value must be "WC" – Workers' Compensation.
	CLP07		Payer Claim Control Number	The payer- assigned claim control number for workers' compensation use is the bill control number.

Chapter 8 Companion Guide ASC X12N/005010X210 Additional Information to Support a Health Care Claim or Encounter (275)

Introduction and Overview

The information contained in this companion guide has been created for use in conjunction with the ASC X12N/005010X210 *Additional Information to Support a Health Care Claim or Encounter (275) Technical Report Type 3*. It is not a replacement for the ASC X12N/005010X210 *Additional Information to Support a Health Care Claim or Encounter (275) Technical Report Type 3*, but rather is an additional source of information.

This companion guide is not, nor was it ever intended to be, a comprehensive guide to the electronic transaction requirements for each of the jurisdictions. The companion guide is intended to be used by jurisdictions to develop and publish companion guides tailored to their regulatory environment that consistently apply the syntactical requirements of the ASC X12N Technical Reports Type 3.

The ASC X12N/005010X210 *Additional Information to Support a Health Care Claim or Encounter (275) Technical Report Type 3* is available through the Accredited Standards Committee (ASC) X12, <http://store.x12.org>.

8.1 Purpose, Applicability, and Expected Implementation Date

The purpose of Virginia's Workers' Compensation Electronic Billing regulations is to provide a framework for electronic billing, processing, and payment of medical services and products provided to an injured employee and data reporting for electronic submissions.

8.2 Method of Transmission

The 005010X210 transaction is the recommended standard electronic format for submitting electronic documentation in workers' compensation. Health care providers, health care facilities, or third party biller/assignees and claim administrators may agree to exchange documentation in other non-prescribed electronic formats (such as uploading to a web-based system) by mutual agreement. If trading partners mutually agree to use non-prescribed formats for the documentation they exchange, they must include all components required to identify the information associated with the documentation.

Health care providers, health care facilities, or third party biller/assignees and claim administrators may also elect to submit documentation associated with electronic bill transactions through facsimile (fax) or secured and encrypted electronic mail (email). Health care providers, health care facilities, or third party biller/assignees and claim administrators must be able to electronically exchange medical documentation that is required to be submitted with the bill.

8.3 Documentation Requirements

"Medical documentation" includes, but is not limited to, medical reports and records, such as evaluation reports, narrative reports, assessment reports, progress report/notes, clinical notes, hospital records, and diagnostic test results.

Commented [TG7]:
While Virginia allows the 275 transaction to transmit additional electronic bill documentation, Virginia also allows this information to be provided in other ways, e.g., secure fax, secure Web upload, regular mail, or secure email. This may be something that VA may want to add rather than the generic purpose statement above.

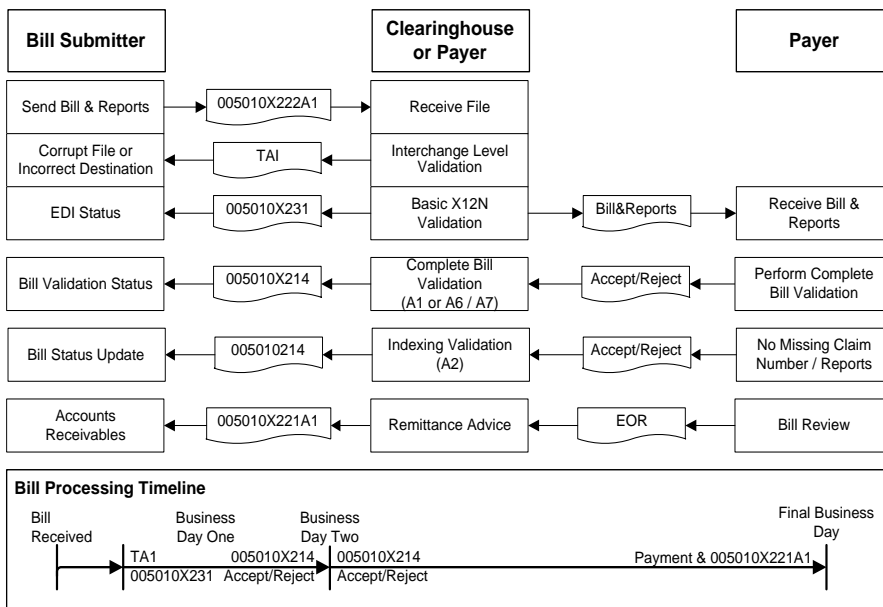
Chapter 9 Companion Guide Acknowledgments

There are several different acknowledgments that a clearinghouse and/or payer may use to respond to the receipt of a bill. The purpose of these acknowledgments is to provide feedback on the following:

1. Basic file structure and the trading partner information from the Interchange Header.
2. Detailed structure and syntax of the actual bill data as specified by the X12 standard.
3. The content of the bill against the Jurisdictional complete bill rules.
4. Any delays caused by claim number indexing/validation.
5. Any delays caused by attachment matching.
6. The outcome of the final adjudication, including reassociation to any financial transaction.

9.1 Bill Acknowledgment Flow and Timing Diagrams

The process chart below illustrates how a receiver validates and processes an incoming 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2, or 005010X224A2 transaction. The diagram shows the basic acknowledgments that the receiver generates, including acknowledgments for validation and final adjudication for those bills that pass validation.

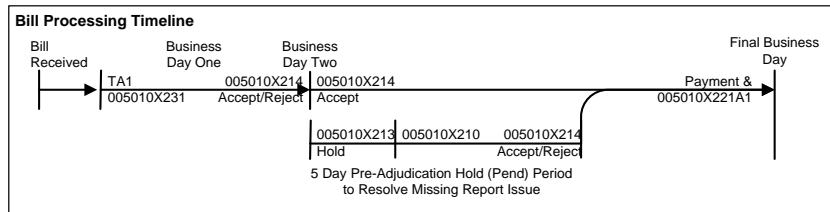
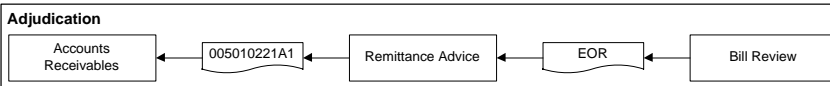
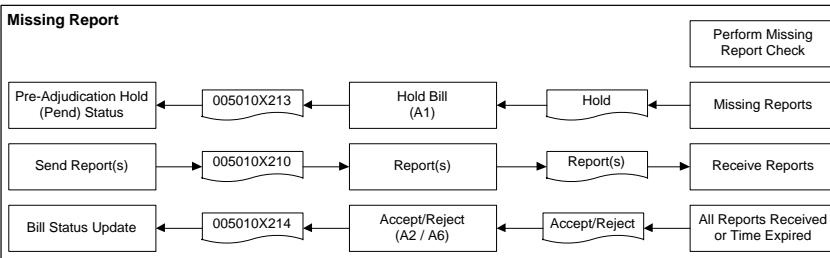
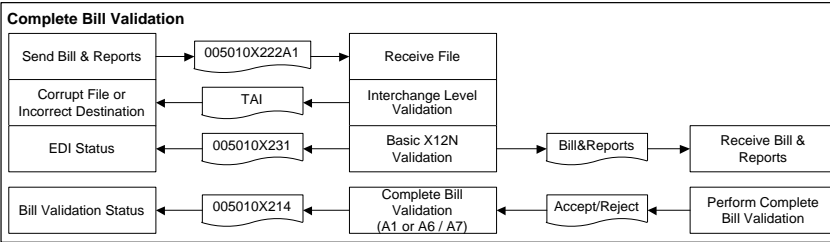
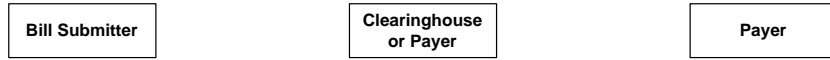


9.1.1 Process Steps

1. **Interchange Level Validation:** Basic file format and the trading partner information from the Interchange Header are validated. If the file is corrupt or is not the expected type, the file is rejected. If the trading partner information is invalid or unknown, the file is rejected. A TA1 (Interchange Acknowledgment) is returned to indicate the outcome of the validation. A rejected EDI file is not passed on to the next step.
2. **Basic X12 Validation:** A determination will be made as to whether the transaction set contains a valid 005010X222A1, 005010X223A2, or 005010X224A2. A 005010X231 (Implementation Acknowledgment) will be returned to the submitter. The 005010X231 contains ACCEPT or REJECT information. If the file contains syntactical errors, the locations of the errors are reported. Bills that are part of a rejected transaction set are not passed on to the next step.
3. **Complete Bill Validation:** The jurisdictional and payer specific edits are run against each bill within the transaction set. The receiver returns a 005010X214 (Health Care Claim Acknowledgment) to the submitter to acknowledge that the bill was accepted or rejected. Bills that are rejected are not passed on to the next step.
4. **Complete Bill – Missing Claim Number and/or Missing Required Report:** Refer to Section 9.2 Complete Claim - Missing Claim Number Pre-Adjudication Hold (Pending) Status and Section 9.3 Complete Claim - Missing Report Pre-Adjudication Hold (Pending) Status regarding bill acknowledgment flow and timeline diagrams.
5. **Bill Review:** The bills that pass through bill review and any post-bill review approval process will be reported in the 005010X221A1 (Remittance Payment/Advice). The 005010X221A1 contains the adjudication information from each bill, as well as any paper check or EFT payment information.

9.2 Complete Bill - Missing Report Pre-Adjudication Hold (Pending) Status

One of the processing steps that a bill goes through prior to adjudication is verification that all required documentation has been provided. The bill submitter can send the reports using the 005010X210 or other mechanisms such as fax or e-mail. In order to prevent medical bill rejections because required documentation was sent separately from the bill itself, a pre-adjudication hold (pending) period of up to five business days is mandated to enable the payer to receive and match the bill to the documentation. If the bill cannot be matched within the five days, or if the supporting documentation is not received, the bill may be rejected as incomplete. If the payer is able to match the bill to the documentation within the five day hold period, it continues the adjudication process. The 005010X213 is used to inform the bill submitter of the delay and the ultimate resolution of the issue.



9.2.1 Missing Report - 277 Health Care Claim Acknowledgment Process Steps

When a bill submitter sends an 837 that requires an attachment and Loop 2300 PWK segment indicates that a report will be following, the payer will need to respond with the appropriate 277 HCCA response(s) as applicable:

Bill Status Findings	277 Health Care Claim Acknowledgment (HCCA) Options
Complete Bill - Missing Report	<p>When a complete bill is missing a required report, the payer needs to place the bill in a pre-adjudication hold (pending) status during the specified waiting time period and return the following Claim Status Category Code and Claim Status Code:</p> <p>STC01-1 = A1 (The claim/encounter has been received. This does not mean that the claim has been accepted for adjudication.)</p> <p>STC01-2 = 21 (Missing or invalid information)</p> <p><u>AND</u></p> <p>STC10-1 = A1 (The claim/encounter has been received. This does not mean that the claim has been accepted for adjudication.)</p> <p>STC10-2 = Use the appropriate 277 Claim Status Code for missing report type. <i>Example: Claim Status Code 294 Supporting documentation</i></p> <p><i>Example: STC*A1:21*20090830*WQ*70*****A1:294~:</i></p>
Report Received within the 5 day pre-adjudication hold (pending) period	<p>Once the Claim Indexing/Validation process has been completed and there is a bill/claim number match, then the payer should use the following Claim Status Category Code with the appropriate Claim Status Code:</p> <p>STC01-1= A2 Acknowledgment/Acceptance into adjudication system. The claim/encounter has been accepted into the adjudication system.</p> <p>STC01-2=20 Accepted for processing</p> <p>Use Loop 2200D REF segment "Payer Claim Control Number with qualifier 1K Identification Number to return the workers' compensation claim number and or the payer bill control number in the REF02:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Always preface the workers' compensation claim number with the two digit qualifier "Y4" followed by the property casualty claim number. <i>Example: Y412345678</i> If there are two numbers (payer claim control number and the workers' compensation claim number) returned in the REF02, the payer should use a blank space to separate the numbers. <p>- The first number will be the payer claim control number assigned by the payer (bill control number). - The second number will be the workers' compensation property casualty claim number assigned by the payer with a "Y4" qualifier followed by the claim number.</p> <p>-<i>Example: REF*1K*3456832 Y43333445556~</i></p>

Bill Status Findings	277 Health Care Claim Acknowledgment (HCCA) Options
No Report Received within the 5 day pre-adjudication hold (pending) period	Use the following Claim Status Category Code and Claim Status Code. STC01-1= A6 Acknowledgment/Rejected for Missing Information. The claim/encounter is missing the information specified in the Status details and has been rejected. STC01-2=294 Supporting documentation

9.3 Transmission Responses/Acknowledgements

9.3.1 Acknowledgments

The ASC X12 transaction sets include a variety of acknowledgments to inform the sender about the outcome of transaction processing. Acknowledgments are designed to provide information regarding whether or not a transmission can be processed, based on structural, functional, and/or application level requirements or edits. In other words, the acknowledgments inform the sender whether or not the medical bill can be processed or if the transaction contains all the required data elements.

Claim administrators must return one of the following acknowledgments, as appropriate, within two days of rejecting an electronic bill transmission or transaction:

- TA1 -- Implementation Acknowledgment
- 005010X231 -- Implementation Acknowledgment (999)
- 005010X214 -- Health Care Claim Acknowledgment (277)

Detailed information regarding the content and use of the various acknowledgments can be found in the applicable ASC X12N Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides).

9.3.2 005010X213 - Request for Additional Information

The 005010X213, or Request for Additional Information, is used to request missing required reports from the submitter. The following are the STC01 values:

- Claim was pending; additional documentation required.
- STC01-1 = R4 (pending/request for additional supporting documentation)
- STC01-2 = The LOINC code indicating the required documentation

Additional information regarding this transaction set may be found in the applicable ASC X12N Technical Report Type 3 (Implementation Guides).

9.3.3 005010X221A1 - Health Care Claim Payment/Advice

Within 30 days of receipt of a complete electronic medical bill, the claims administrator is required to send the health care provider the 005010X221A1, or Health Care Claim Payment/Advice. This transaction set informs the health care provider about the payment action the claims administrator has taken. Additional information regarding this transaction set may be found in Chapter 7 of this companion guide and the applicable ASC X12N Technical Report Type 3 (Implementation Guides).

9.3.4 005010X212 Health Care Claim Status Request and Response

The 005010X212 transaction set is used in the group health industry to inquire about the current status of a specified healthcare bill or bills. The 276 transaction set identifier code is used for the inquiry and the 277 transaction set identifier code is used for the reply. It is possible to use these transaction sets unchanged in workers' compensation bill processing. Additional information regarding this transaction set may be found in the applicable ASC X12N Technical Reports Type 3 (Implementation Guides).

Appendix A – Glossary of Terms

Term	Definition
Acknowledgment	Electronic notification to original sender of an electronic transmission that the transactions within the transmission were accepted or rejected.
ADA	American Dental Association.
ADA-2006	American Dental Association (ADA) standard paper billing form.
AMA	American Medical Association
ANSI	American National Standards Institute, a private, non-profit organization that administers and coordinates the U.S. voluntary standardization and conformity assessment system.
ASC X12 275	A standard transaction developed by ASC X12 to transmit various types of patient information.
ASC X12 835	A standard transaction developed by ASC X12 to transmit various types of health care claim payment/advice information.
ASC X12 837	A standard transaction developed by ASC X12 to transmit various types of health care claim information.
CAQH CORE	Council for Affordable Quality Healthcare Committee on Operating Rules for Information Exchange is a national standards organization that develops operating rules for the business aspects of HHS mandates for electronic healthcare transactions.
CDT	Current Dental Terminology; coding system used to bill dental services.
Clearinghouse	A public or private entity, including a billing service, repricing company, community health management information system or community health information system, and "value-added" networks and switches, that is an agent of either the payer or the provider and that may perform the following functions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Process or facilitate the processing of medical billing information received from a client in a nonstandard format or containing nonstandard data content into standard data elements or a standard transaction for further processing of a bill related transaction; or 2) Receive a standard transaction from another entity and process or facilitate the processing of medical billing information into a nonstandard format or nonstandard data content for a client entity. An entity that processes information received in a nonstandard format or containing nonstandard data content into a standard transaction, or that receives a standard transaction and processes that information into a nonstandard transaction.
CMS	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), the federal agency that administers these programs.
CMS-1450	The paper hospital, institutional, or facility billing form, also referred to as a UB-04 or UB-92, formerly referred to as a HCFA-1450.
CMS-1500	The paper professional billing form formerly referred to as a HCFA or HCFA-1500.
Code Sets	Tables or lists of codes used for specific purposes. National standard formats may use code sets developed by the standard setting organization (i.e. X12 Provider Type qualifiers) or by other organizations (i.e. HCPCS codes).

Term	Definition
Complete Bill (Clean Claim)	A complete electronic medical bill and its supporting transmissions must: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • be submitted in the correct billing format, with the correct billing code sets, • be transmitted in compliance with all necessary format requirements, • include in legible text all medical reports and records, including, but not limited to, evaluation reports, narrative reports, assessment reports, progress report/notes, clinical notes, hospital records and diagnostic test results that are expressly required by law or can reasonably be expected by the payer or its agent under the jurisdiction's law.
CPT	Current Procedural Terminology, the coding system created and copyrighted by the American Medical Association that is used to bill professional services.
Detail Acknowledgment	Electronic notification to original sender that its electronic transmission or the transactions within the transmission were accepted or rejected.
Electronic Bill	A bill submitted electronically from the health care provider, health care facility, or third-party biller/assignee to the payer.
EFT	Electronic Funds Transfer.
Electronic Transmission	A collection of data stored in a defined electronic format. An electronic transmission may be a single electronic transaction or a set of transactions.
Electronic Format	The specifications defining the layout of data in an electronic transmission.
Electronic Record	A group of related data elements. A record may represent a line item, a health care provider, health care facility, or third party biller/assignee, or an employer. One or more records may form a transaction.
Electronic Transaction	A set of information or data stored electronically in a defined format that has a distinct and different meaning as a set. An electronic transaction is made up of one or more electronic records.
Electronic Transmission	Transmission of information by facsimile, electronic mail, electronic data interchange, or any other similar method that does not include telephonic communication. For the purposes of the electronic billing rules, electronic transmission generally does not include facsimile or electronic mail.
EOB/EOR	Explanation of Benefits (EOB) or Explanation of Review (EOR) is the paper form sent by the claim administrator to the health care provider, health care facility, or third party biller/assignee to explain payment or denial of a medical bill. The EOB/EOR might also be used to request recoupment of an overpayment or to acknowledge receipt of a refund.
ERA	Electronic Remittance Advice
Functional Acknowledgment	Electronic notification to the original sender of an electronic transmission that the functional group within the transaction was accepted or rejected.
HCPCS	Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System, the HIPAA code set used to bill durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, supplies, and biologics (Level II) as well as professional services (Level I). Level I HCPCS codes are CPT codes.

Term	Definition
HIPAA	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, federal legislation that includes provisions that mandate electronic billing in the Medicare system and establishes national standard electronic file formats and code sets.
IAIABC	International Association of Industrial Accident Boards and Commissions.
IAIABC 837	An implementation guide developed by the IAIABC based on the ASC X12 standard to transmit various types of health care medical bill and payment information from claim administrators to jurisdictional workers' compensation agencies.
ICD-9, ICD-10	International Classification of Diseases code sets administered by the World Health Organization used to identify diagnoses.
NCPDP	National Council for Prescription Drug Programs, the organization administering pharmacy-unique identification numbers called NCPDP Provider IDs.
NCPDP Provider ID Number	Identification number assigned to an individual pharmacy.
NCPDP WC/PC UCF	National Council for Prescription Drug Programs Workers' Compensation/Property and Casualty Universal Claim form, the pharmacy industry standard for pharmacy claims billing on paper forms.
NCPDP Telecommunication D.0	HIPAA compliant national standard billing format for pharmacy services.
NDC	National Drug Code, the code set used to identify medication dispensed by pharmacies.
Receiver	The entity receiving/accepting an electronic transmission.
Remittance	Remittance is used in the electronic environment to refer to reimbursement or denial of medical bills.
Sender	The entity submitting an electronic transmission.
Trading Partner	An entity that has entered into an agreement with another entity to exchange data electronically.
UB-04	Universal billing form used for hospital billing. Replaced the UB-92 as the CMS-1450 billing form effective May 23, 2007.
UB-92	Universal billing form used for hospital billing, also referred to as a CMS-1450 billing form. Discontinued use as of May 23, 2007.
Version	Electronic formats may be modified in subsequent releases. Version naming conventions indicate the release or version of the standard being referenced. Naming conventions are administered by the standard setting organization. Some ASC X12 versions, for example, are 3050, 4010, 4050, and 5010.